

Commissioner for Entrance Examinations
Santhi Nagar, Thiruvananthapuram – 695 001

PROSPECTUS

FOR ADMISSION TO FIVE YEAR LL.B COURSE 2009-10

IN GOVERNMENT LAW COLLEGES OF KERALA

1. Prospectus for the admission to the Five Year LL.B course 2009-10, approved by Govt. of Kerala is published herewith. The Prospectus issued in earlier years is not valid for 2009.
2. This is a course leading to the Bachelors Degree in Law in conformity with rules framed by the Bar Council of India by virtue of its powers under the Advocates Act 1961. The degree obtained after successful completion of the course shall be recognized for the purpose of enrolment as Advocate under the Advocates Act, 1961.
3. The course shall consist of a regular course of study for a minimum period of five academic years. The last 6 months of the final year of the course shall include regular course of practical training.
4. The course of study in Law shall be by regular attendance for the requisite number of lectures, tutorials, moot courts and other practical training.
5. Admission to the course will be regulated on the basis of merit as assessed in the Entrance Examination to be conducted by the Commissioner for Entrance Examinations (CEE).

6. **Eligibility for admission.**

(i) **Nativity:**

Candidate should be an Indian citizen of Kerala origin.

In order to prove that a candidate is an Indian citizen of Kerala origin for the limited purpose of eligibility for admission, he/she has to produce any one of the following certificates (a / b /c) in the body of the application form itself, or true copies of documents mentioned in any one of the following in (d / e / f)

- (a) In the case of candidates who have undergone school studies in Kerala, a course certificate from the Head of the Educational Institution(s) in Kerala, to prove that the candidate has undergone his/her studies in Kerala for not less than 5 (five) years within a period of 12 (twelve) years, immediately prior to the completion of the Higher Secondary or equivalent examination.

OR

- (b) A certificate from the Village Officer/ Tahsildar to show that he/she or his/her mother/father was born in Kerala.

OR

- (c) Certificate from the Village Officer/Tahsildar to the effect that the candidate has been a resident of Kerala State for a period of five years within a period of twelve years

OR

- (d) The true copy of relevant page of Secondary School Leaving Certificate of the Candidate showing the place of birth in Kerala

OR

- (e) The true copy of the relevant page of the Secondary School Leaving Certificate showing Place of Birth in Kerala of either of the parents of the candidate with corroborative certificate to establish the relationship between the parent and the candidate

OR

- (f) The true copy of the relevant page of the Passport of the Candidate issued by the Government of India, showing Place of Birth in Kerala or of either of the parents of the candidate showing Place of Birth in Kerala with corroborative certificate to establish the relationship between the parent and the candidate.

(ii) Academic:

- (a) Candidate should have passed the Higher Secondary Examination of the Board of Higher Secondary Education, Kerala or any other examination recognized by the Universities in Kerala as equivalent thereto.
- (b) A candidate who has passed an examination in 10+2 course of schooling recognized by the educational authority of the Central or State Government or possesses such academic qualifications which are considered equivalent to such 10+2 course by the Bar Council of India can also apply for admission to the course.
- (c) Candidates who are appearing/ appeared for the qualifying examination are also eligible to apply for the Entrance Examination. Such candidates become eligible for admission only if they produce the Pass Certificate and Mark Lists of the qualifying examination at the time of the Centralized Allotment Process (CAP).
- (d) No candidate shall be admitted to the Course unless he/she has passed the qualifying Examination with a minimum of 40% marks. However, candidates belonging to the Scheduled Castes/Scheduled Tribes need only a pass in the qualifying examination with 35% marks.

(iii) Age:

Applicants should have completed 17 years of age as on 31st December 2009. No relaxation of the minimum age will be allowed. There is no upper age limit. Copy of the relevant page of SSLC or equivalent certificate should be attached as proof of age.

7. Total seats

The number of seats in the four Law Colleges is as shown below.

- | | |
|--|------|
| (i) Government Law College, Thiruvananthapuram | : 80 |
| (ii) Government Law College, Ernakulam | : 80 |
| (iii) Government Law College, Thrissur | : 80 |
| (iv) Government Law College, Kozhikode | : 80 |

Total : 320

8. Reservation of seats.

A. Reservation for Persons with Disabilities (PWD): 3% of the total seats in all Government Law Colleges will be reserved for Persons with Disabilities.

B. Mandatory Reservation: Leaving the seats set apart under item A above, the remaining seats will be distributed as per the mandatory reservation principle as follows.

- | | |
|---|-------|
| (i) State Merit (SM) | - 64% |
| (ii) Socially and Educationally Backward Classes (SEBC) | - 26% |
| a. Ezhava (EZ) | - 9% |
| b. Muslim (MU) | - 8% |
| c. Other Backward Hindu (BH) | - 5% |
| d. Latin Catholic Other than Anglo Indian (LC) | - 2% |
| e. Other Backward Christian (BX) | - 1% |
| f. Kudumbi (KU) | - 1% |

- | | | |
|-------|-------------------------------------|-------|
| (iii) | Scheduled Castes & Scheduled Tribes | - 10% |
| a. | Scheduled Castes (SC) | - 8% |
| b. | Scheduled Tribes (ST) | - 2% |

C. Special Reservation

(a) In addition to the above **80** seats in each College, **one** seat each in the four Law Colleges will be reserved for the following categories.

- (i) Children of Ex-Servicemen
- (ii) Blind Candidates
- (iii) Candidates under Sports quota.

(b) One seat in Govt. Law College, Ernakulam will be reserved for a candidate from Lakshadweep

Note: As the seats under ‘Special reservation’ are over and above the sanctioned strength, seat/seats not filled up in Special Reservation, owing to non-availability of candidate/candidates, will automatically lapse.

9. Claim for Reservations

(a) **State Merit.** The seats under the State Merit will be filled purely on merit (State wide) basis.

(b) **Claim for communal reservation under Socially and Educationally Backward Classes (SEBC).**

Note: Reservation to Socially and Educationally Backward Classes will be in accordance with the provisions contained in GO (P) No.208/66/Edn. dated 02.05.1966 and GO (Ms) No. 95/08/SCSTDD Dated 06.10.08 and as amended from time to time. [See **Annexure I** for the list of communities under SEBC]

(i) Candidates belonging to SEBC as per GO (P) No.208/66/Edn. dated 02.05.1966, GO (Ms) No.95/08/SCSTDD dated 06.10.08, GO (Ms) No.09/2009/SCSTDD dated 24.01.2009 and whose annual family income (i.e. Annual income of all members in the family from all sources taken together) does not exceed Rs.4.5 Lakhs (Rupees Four Lakhs fifty thousand only) are eligible for reservation under this item.

(ii) Candidates claiming reservation under SEBC quota such as Ezhava, Muslim, Other Backward Hindus, **Latin Catholic other than Anglo Indian**, Other Backward Christians and Kudumbi should produce both Community and Income certificates obtained from the concerned Village Officer/Tahsildar. The above certificates should be obtained in the body of the application form itself.

(iii) Applicants claiming reservation under Latin Catholic other than Anglo Indian quota should produce a community certificate from the concerned Village Officer/Tahsildar specifying that they belong to **Latin Catholic other than Anglo Indian** community.

(iv) Children of inter-caste married couple claiming communal reservation under SEBC should furnish an ‘inter-caste marriage certificate’ from the Village Officer/Tahsildar in the format given in **Annexure V**. Such candidates can avail themselves of communal reservation under any one of the communities of their parents, to be mentioned by the candidate in the relevant column of the application. They need not produce the income certificate.

- (v) Candidates who are children of Inter-caste married couple of which one is SC/ST who will be eligible for educational and monetary benefits admissible to SC/ST as per Section 2 (ii) of GO (MS) No.25/2005/SCSTDD dated 20-06-2005, if eligible for reservation under SEBC, will be granted the same based on the community shown in the inter-caste marriage certificate issued by Revenue officials and to be attached by them with the application.

(c) Claim for Reservation under Scheduled Castes/Scheduled Tribes Quota

- (i) Scheduled Caste/Scheduled Tribe candidates should apply in the application form meant for them. (See **Annexure II & III** for the list of SC/ST communities) and they should obtain the caste/community certificate from the Tahsildar in the body of the application form itself. SC/ST caste status of children of parents contracted Inter caste marriage will be subject to the orders/clarification issued in GO (MS) No.11/05/SCSTDD dated 22.03.2005, GO (MS) No.25/2005/ SCSTDD dated 20.06.2005 and the judgment dated 10.08.2005 of the Full Bench of the Hon'ble High Court of Kerala in WP 2483/2005 and connected cases and GO (MS) No.109/2008/SCSTDD dated 20.11.2008.

As per GO (MS) No.109/2008/SCSTDD dated 20.11.2008, the children born of inter-caste married couple of which one of the parents is SC/ST, can claim the status of SC/ST on proof of the conditions of acceptance, customary traits and tenets under which such children are brought up.

The competent authority issuing SC/ST community certificate to children born of inter-caste married couple, of which one of the parents is SC/ST, should ensure that the claimant is subjected to same social disabilities and also following the same customs and traditions and the community has accepted that person to its fold as such. The authority to issue caste certificate should also ensure that :

- (a) Each case is examined individually in the light of the existing facts and circumstances.
- (b) The claimant has suffered disabilities – socially, economically and educationally.
- (c) The society has accepted the claimant to their original fold as one among them and is living in the same social tenet.
- (ii) The Christian converts who have subsequently embraced Hinduism should produce caste/community certificate in the application form. The following certificate should also be got recorded by the revenue official below the certificate “The certificate is issued after observing the guidelines issued in Government Circular No.18421/E2/SC/ST/DD dated 15.12.1987.”
- (iii) The applications for the reserved seats of Scheduled Castes/Scheduled Tribes candidates which do not contain SC/ST Certificate (Community Certificate) from the Tahsildar in the prescribed form in the body of the application will not be considered on any account for claiming community reservation against the seat reserved for SC/ST candidates [Vide GO (Ms) 31/90/SC/ST/D.L dated 25.05.1990]. The community certificate should clearly specify that the candidate himself/herself (not the father or mother) belongs to the Scheduled Castes/Scheduled Tribes. ***The community certificate as per G.O. (Ms) No 136/07/Rd dated 27.04.2007 will be accepted.*** The candidates who are reconverted to Hinduism from Christianity of Scheduled castes origin should produce community certificate from the Tahsildar concerned along with a copy of Gazette Notification regarding re-conversion.

- (iv) The claims for reservation under Scheduled Castes/Scheduled Tribes quotas will also be subject to verification and clearance by the Screening Committee constituted for the purpose by Government vide GO (P) No.19/2002/SCSTDD dated 20.4.2002 and as authorized by section 6 of the Kerala (Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes) Regulation of Issue of Community Certificates Act, 1996 (Act 11 of 1996)
- (v) The SC/ST claims in respect of those who have migrated from one State to another will be subject to the provisions of GO (Ms) No.10/86/SCSTDD dated 12.2.1986. Only the children of those who had migrated to this State before the promulgation of the Constitution (Scheduled Castes) Order 1950 and the Constitution (Scheduled Tribes) Order 1950 and ordinarily reside in this State can claim SC/ST benefits from the State of Kerala. They must be able to prove this, if required.

(d) Claim for fee concession to OEC candidates:

Candidates belonging to other eligible communities are exempted from payment of fee at the time of admission to professional Degree Courses under Government/Community quota irrespective of annual family income as per GO (Ms) No. 36/07/SCSTDD dated 03.07.2007. They should provide Community certificate from the Village Officer in the Application Form.

- (e) **Claim for Reservation for Persons with Disabilities.** A true copy of the Certificate of disability from the District Medical Board certifying the degree of percentage of disability issued not earlier than 12 months prior to the submission of application has to be attached with the application form. Only candidates having a minimum of 40% disability will be eligible for this quota. The selection of such physically handicapped candidates will be based on the merit in the Entrance Examination, and not on the basis of the degree of disability.

10. Other general rules for mandatory reservation

- (i) The seats un-availed of by the Scheduled Castes candidates will go to the Scheduled Tribes candidates and vice versa.
- (ii) The seats un-availed of by the SC/ST candidates will be filled by Other Eligible Community (OEC) candidates [See **Annexure IV** for the list of OEC]. The seats that still remain un-availed will go to the Open Merit pool (State-wide basis). OEC will be eligible for reservation only if their annual family income from all sources is up to Rs.4.5 lakhs [GO (Ms) No.9/2009/SCSTDD dated 24.01.2009] and the candidate has secured 40% marks in the qualifying examination. Such candidates should furnish income certificate in the body of application form itself.
- (iii) If any seat, in any reservation quota, except in the Special Reservation category, is left un-availed by the candidates belonging to that particular category, those seats will go to the mandatory reservation quota unless otherwise mentioned.
- (iv) The seats un-availed by the SEBC category candidates will be allotted under State Merit in the final re-allotment in the stream.

11. Claims for Special Reservations

- (i) **Children of Ex-servicemen:** Applicants to this category should invariably produce a certificate in the Performa given in **Annexure VI**, obtained not earlier than 6 months from the date of application from the Military authorities of State/ Zilla Sainik Welfare Officer to the effect that he/she is the son/daughter of Ex-serviceman or is an Ex-serviceman himself/herself. This benefit will be available to one candidate only from the family concerned.

(ii) **Blind Candidates:** Candidates under this category should produce certificates from Medical Board to prove that the candidates deserve reservation under blind quota. Candidates against the seat reserved for blind quota will be selected on the basis of their marks in the qualifying examination. **They should apply to the Principal of the Colleges concerned, in the prescribed format, which can be obtained from the Colleges. The last date for submission of applications will be the same as that fixed for those being considered for admission based on the entrance examination. These candidates need not submit their application to the Commissioner for Entrance Examinations.**

(iii) **Sports Quota:** Candidates seeking admission under the sports quota must take the Entrance Examination. They should submit the original application to the Commissioner for Entrance Examinations, Thiruvananthapuram and a photo copy of the application should be sent to 'The Secretary, Kerala State Sports Council, Thiruvananthapuram-695001' before the last date of submission of application. The Kerala State Sports Council will allot marks to these candidates according to their proficiency in sports. The maximum marks, under this item will be fixed as 500. The Kerala State Sports Council will forward the lists of marks of the candidates along with their roll numbers to the Commissioner for Entrance Examinations. The Commissioner for Entrance Examinations will add these marks to the marks obtained by the respective candidates in the Entrance Examination and publish the rank list under the Sports Quota based on the inter-se-merit of the candidates fixed as above.

(iv) **Lakshadweep Quota:** One seat in the Government Law College, Ernakulam is reserved for candidates of Kerala origin settled in the Lakshadweep and sponsored by the Administration of that Union Territory.

Note: Candidates in the special reservation category except the candidates under categories (ii) and (iv) above should take the Entrance Examination. **As the candidates under categories (ii) and (iv) are exempted from Entrance Examination, they should have obtained 45% marks in the qualifying examination (Higher Secondary or equivalent), as per LE Circular No.3 of 1997 dated 19.09.1997 and LE Circular No.3 of 1998 dated 21.04.1998 of the Bar Council of India.**

12. Entrance Examination

(i) A candidate desirous of joining the Five year LL.B course in any of the Govt. Law Colleges in the State will have to write the Entrance Examination. The admission to the course will be based on the rank of the candidate in this Entrance Examination. The Entrance Examination will be conducted on the date and time as notified by the Commissioner for Entrance Examinations.

The Entrance Examination shall be of three hours duration and will consist of **200 Objective type questions** in (a) *General Knowledge (65 questions)*, (b) *English (65 questions)* and (c) *Aptitude for Legal Studies (70 questions)*.

The candidates have to mark their responses in the Optical Mark Reader (OMR) Answer sheet given to them. The bubbles in the OMR Answer sheet should be filled up using ball point (blue or black) pen only. **The candidates will not be allowed to take home the Question booklet issued to them in the Examination Hall. The question booklet should be returned along with the OMR Answer sheet to the invigilator.**

(ii) **Valuation** - For *each correct response the candidate will be awarded three marks and for each incorrect response one mark will be deducted from the total score.* However, in the

event of failure to answer questions, (i.e. no response is indicated for an item in the answer sheet) no deduction from the total score will be made. More than one answer indicated against a question will be deemed as incorrect response and will be awarded negative marks.

- (iii) **Resolving of Tie** - In case there is tie in the total marks in the entrance examination, the candidate securing higher marks in the part 'Aptitude for Legal Studies' of the Entrance Examination will be placed higher in the ranking. If the tie still persists, candidate with higher marks in the part 'English' of the Entrance Examination will be placed higher in the ranking. If the tie still exists, the age of the candidate will be considered, the elder being placed higher in ranking than the younger.
- (iv) **Publication of Results** - The rank list for admission to the course will be published on the basis of the total marks secured by the candidates for the Entrance Examination.
- (v) **Publication of Category Lists** - Separate category-wise list will be published for SEBC/SC/ST Reservation, Special Reservation, Person With Disability etc. Candidates are advised to verify the category list published by the Commissioner for Entrance Examinations and satisfy themselves regarding their position in the list. If candidates have any complaint in this regard he / she may approach the Office of the Commissioner for Entrance Examinations **within notified time** after publication of the category list, for necessary action. Complaints received thereafter will not be entertained.

13. How and when to apply

- (i) There will be separate Application form for General and SC/ST candidates. The Application form and Prospectus can be downloaded from the Official website of the Commissioner for Entrance Examinations, "www.cee-kerala.org."
- (ii) For General candidates, the application fee is Rs.600/- (Rupees Six Hundred Only) and for SC/ST Candidates the application fee is Rs.300/- (Rupees Three Hundred Only). Keralites residing inside Kerala State, can remit the Application fee in any branch of the State bank of Travancore using the Challan provided on page No.5 of the application form. The original Challan contained in page No.5 shall be attached with the application form duly signed and authorized by Bank authorities on remittance of application fees. Keralites residing outside Kerala State, can remit the application fee by attaching a Demand Draft for the requisite amount drawn on a Nationalized Bank in favour of the Commissioner for Entrance Examinations, payable at Thiruvananthapuram, along with the application form. **Candidates are advised to go through the Prospectus before filling up the Application Form.** The application fees once remitted will not be refunded under any circumstances.
- (iii) Application forms correctly filled up together with the documents specified under clause 14 should be sent to the **Commissioner for Entrance Examinations, Housing Board Buildings, Santhi Nagar, Thiruvananthapuram, Pin – 695 001** before the time and date notified by the Commissioner for Entrance Examinations. Late and defective applications will not be considered by the Commissioner under any circumstances.

Warning: Incomplete applications with defective or incomplete certificates will be rejected. Belated applications will not be accepted. Documents or certificates furnished after the last date fixed for receipt of applications will not be considered on any account. No candidate will be permitted to incorporate any additional details in the application form or to submit any additional documents after the submission of the Application.

14. Certificates/Documents to be submitted along with the applications.

- (i) True copy of the SSLC or any equivalent school records to prove date of birth.**
- (ii) True copy of the mark list of the qualifying examination (if passed).**
- (iii) Any one of the certificates to prove nativity, in the Application Form.**
- (iv) Certificates in support of claim for Communal Reservation, in the Application Form.**
- (v) Inter-Caste marriage certificate, if applicable.**
- (vi) Attested Copy of certificates in support of Special reservation if applicable.**
- (vii) Attested copy of Certificate of the Medical Board for Persons with Disabilities.**
- (viii) Any other documents mentioned in the Notification of the entrance examination.**

15. Centralized Allotment Process (CAP)

- (a) Admission to the course shall be done through a **Centralized Allotment Process (CAP)** to be conducted by the Commissioner for Entrance Examinations at notified Centers. Information regarding the time, date and place of the CAP will be notified by the Commissioner, through print and electronic media, after the publication of results. The schedule for CAP will also be available in the website “www.cee-kerala.org”. **No individual memos will be sent to the candidates in this regard.**
- (b) Candidates should appear for the allotment at their own expense.
- (c) Candidates have to reach the center for Allotment half an hour before the time fixed for Allotment. Candidates will be called rank-wise for the allotment of seats. On the basis of the preference exercised by them in the Preference form to be issued then and based on the availability of seats at that point of time, seats will be allotted. Candidates will lose the chance for admission if they do not appear for the CAP. They will not be considered for any vacancies arising in future.
- (d) If a candidate is unable to appear for CAP for sufficient reasons he/she can depute a representative on his/her behalf with an authorization letter as given in the **Annexure VII**. The representative has to produce all the documents mentioned in Clause 16 below at the time of CAP.
- (e) Admission/Allotment of seats is governed by a statewide principle of selection. Accordingly, the total seats available in all the Law Colleges will be distributed statewide for the different categories by applying the mandatory reservation principle as mentioned in clause 8 B. While doing selection as per the statewide break up of seats, an institution-wise break up of seats for the various categories, following the principle of reservation will also be maintained for the allotment of seats for the course in each college.
- (f) Selection/Allotment of College: Selection/Allotment of a candidate to any college will be based on the rank of the candidate and the availability of seats, at that point of time when the candidate appears for the allotment. The procedure adopted for admission will be as per the selection principle approved in GO (Ms) No.122/98/H. Edn dated 07.10.1998. According to the GO, “candidates of the reserved category who will otherwise come in the open merit list will be allotted to the college of his choice provided he would have been eligible for allotment to that college if he was treated as candidate coming under reservation quota. While a reserved category candidate entitled to admission on the basis of his merit will have the option of taking admission to the colleges where a specified number of seats have been kept reserved for reserved category but while computing the percentage of reservation he will be deemed to have been admitted as an open category candidate and not as a reserved category candidate”.

- (g) The allotment to colleges will be as per the break-up of seats for the course in each college. But on applying the principle of selection mentioned above, the break-up of seats for allotment in certain colleges are likely to change.
- (h) Allotment memo will be issued to the selected candidates after the Centralized Allotment Process. It is obligatory for the candidates to report to the college to which he/she is selected. Candidates should report for admission in the college with their parents/guardians. No extension of time for reporting to the college will be granted under any circumstances. Failure to appear before the Principal concerned for joining the course on the notified date and time will result in the forfeiture of his/her admission to the course and he/she will not be considered for any vacancies arising in future.
- (i) Vacancies arising after the first round of allotment of seats will be filled up according to the rank and options submitted by the candidates and observing the reservation rules on the basis of the priority given in the option form. There will be no mutual transfer between the candidates from one college to another.
- (j) If the candidate is satisfied with an allotment and does not wish to be considered for movements based on higher option submitted at the time of CAP, the candidate has to inform the Commissioner for Entrance Examinations by Registered post, within the specified time before each round of allotment.
- (k) **No allotment of seats to the 1st year of the course will be made after 30.09.2009 even if vacancy / vacancies arise thereafter.**

16. Documents to be produced at the time of Centralized Allotment Process (CAP).

- (i) **Admit card of the Entrance Examination**
- (ii) **SSLC or any relevant school records to prove date of birth.**
- (iii) **Original Mark lists and Pass certificate of the Qualifying Exam.**
- (iv) **The originals of the certificates the copies of which had been submitted with the Application.**
- (v) **Authorization letter in the prescribed form, given in the Annexure VII, if an authorized representative is attending the CAP on behalf of the candidate.**
- (vi) **Any other documents mentioned in the Notification of CAP**

Note: All certificates as above must be produced for verification at the time of CAP itself. Candidates WILL NOT be given any chance to produce the original documents / certificates asked for, after the Centralized Allotment Process (CAP).

17. Documents to be produced at the time of admission

- (i) Admit card of the Entrance Examination
- (ii) Allotment letter issued by the Commissioner for Entrance Examinations
- (iii) SSLC or any relevant school records to prove date of birth
- (iv) Original Mark list and Pass Certificate of the qualifying examination
- (v) Transfer certificate and conduct certificate from the institution where the Candidate studied last.
- (vi) Two copies of recent passport size photograph.
- (vii) The applicant who is employed or trainee in Government/Quasi Government/Banks etc. shall at the time of interview produce a relieving order and a certificate of good conduct from the Head of the Institution where the candidate was employed.
- (viii) Candidates who passed their qualifying examination from Universities/Boards outside the State shall produce an "Eligibility Certificate" from the University concerned in Kerala, to the effect that the qualifying examination has been recognized by the University.

- (ix) The student who qualifies from other Universities should produce migration certificate at the time of admission.

Note: All certificates as above must be produced for verification at the time of admission. Candidate WILL NOT be given any chance to produce the original documents/certificates asked for, on a subsequent occasion.

18. Admission

After the Centralised Allotment Process, admission to the Colleges will be made by the Principals of the Law Colleges concerned after the conduct of a personal interview with the candidates and their Parents/Guardians. The candidates who do not participate in this personal interview will not be eligible for admission.

- 19.** Students belonging to SC/ST/OEC eligible for educational concessions are exempted from payment of fees as per orders of Government issued in this regard from time to time. Their admission will be provisional and subject to the submission of formal filled up application for concession in the prescribed form within one month from the date of admission. In any case if the student is later found to be not eligible for concession the student should pay the fees in full with fine or else his/her admission will be cancelled.

- 20.** The children of inter-caste married couples claiming fees concession should invariably produce a certificate from the Village Officer/Tahsildar in the format given in **Annexure V.**

- 21.** Forward community students admitted to the course eligible for fee concession on the basis of aggregate family income of Rs.42, 000/- or below shall apply for the fee concession. They shall produce a certificate in the prescribed form, from the competent authority regarding income, at the time of interview. Their admission will be provisional and subject to the submission of formal filled up application for fee concession in the prescribed form within one month from the date of admission. In any case if the student is later found to be ineligible for concession, the student should pay the fees in full with fine or else his/her admission will be cancelled.

22. Fees

Fees for the course will be notified by the government from time to time.

23. Other items

- (i) The Commissioner for Entrance Examinations will not entertain any request for change of the date of Entrance Examinations or Centralized Allotment Process or enquiries with regard to the date of declaration of the results.
- (ii) All disputes pertaining to the Examination, selection or admission shall fall within the Jurisdiction of the Honorable High Court of Kerala.
- (iii) Any other items not specifically covered in this prospectus will be decided by the CEE and his decision shall be final.

- 24.** The Prospectus is subject to further modification as may be considered necessary by Government.

**Thiruvananthapuram,
05.02.2009.**

**Sd/-
Commissioner for Entrance Examinations**

ANNEXURE - I

LIST OF SOCIALLY AND EDUCATIONALLY BACKWARD CLASSES (SEBC)

[Vide G.O.(P) 208/66/Edn. dated 02-5-1966] [See Clause 9 (b) and G. (MS)SCSTDD Dt 06.10.2008]

- I. Ezhavas including Ezhavas, Thiyyas, Ishuvan, Izhuvan, Illuvan and Billava
- II. Muslims (all sections following Islam)
- III. Latin Catholics other than Anglo-Indians
- IV. Other Backward Christians
 - (a) SIUC
 - (b) Converts from Scheduled Castes to Christianity
- V. Other Backward Hindus, i.e.
- Vi Kudumbi
 1. Agasa
 2. Arayas including Valan, Mukkuvan, Mukaya, Mogayan, Arayan, Bovies, Kharvi, Nulayan, and Arayavathi
 3. Aremahrati
 4. Arya including Dheevara/Dheevaran Atagara, Devanga, Kaikolan, (Sengunthar) Pattarya, Saliyas (Padmasali, Pattusali, Thogatta, Karanibhakatula, Senapathula, Sali, Sale, Karikalabhakulu, Chaliya) Sourashtra, Khatri, Patnukaran, Illathu Pillai, Illa Vellalar, Illathar
 5. Bestha
 6. Bhandari or Bhondari
 7. Boya
 8. Boyan
 9. Chavalakkaran
 10. Chakkala (Chakkala Nair)
 11. Devadiga
 12. Ezhavathi (Vathi)
 13. Ezhuthachan, Kadupattan
 14. Gudigara
 15. Galada Konkani
 16. Ganjam Reddies
 17. Gatti
 18. Gowda
 19. Ganika including Nagavamsom
 20. Hegde
 21. Hindu Nadar
 22. Idiga including Settibalija
 23. Jangam
 24. Jogi
 25. Jhetty
 26. Kanisu or Kaniyar-Panicker, Kaniyan, Kanisan, Kannian or Kani, Ganaka
 27. xxxxi
 28. Kalarikurup or Kalari Panicker
 29. Kerala Muthali
 30. Kusavan including Kulala, Kumbaran, Odan, Oudan (Donga) Odda (Vodde or Vadde or Veddai) Velaan, Andhra Nair, Anthuru Nair.
 31. Kalavanthula
 32. Kallan including Isanattu Kallar
 33. Kabera
 34. Korachas
 35. Kammalas including Viswakarmala, Karuvan, Kamsalas, Viswakarmas, Pandikammala, Malayal-Kammala, Kannan, Moosari, Kalthachan, Kallasari, Perumkollen, Kollan, Thattan, Pandithattan, Thachan, Asari, Villasan, Vilkurup, Viswabrahmins, Kitara, Chaptegara.
 36. Kannadiyans
 37. Kavuthiyar
 38. Kavudiyaru
 39. Kelasi or Kalasi Panicker
 40. Koppala Velamas
 41. Krishnanvaka
 42. Kuruba
 43. Kurumba
 44. Maravan (Maravar)
 45. Madivala
 46. Maruthuvar
 47. Mahratta (Non-Brahman)
 48. Melakudi (Kudiyar)
 49. Mogaveera
 50. Moili
 51. Mukhari
 52. Modibanda
 53. Moovari
 54. Moniagar
 55. Naicken including Tholuva Naicker and Vettilakkara Naicker
 56. Padyachi (Villayankuppam)
 57. Palli
 58. Panniyar or Pannayar
 59. Parkavakulam (Surithiman, Malayaman, Nathaman, Moopanan and Nainar)
 60. Rajapuri
 61. Sakravar (Kavathi)
 62. Senaithalaivar, Elavania, Senaikudayam
 63. Sadhu Chetty including Telugu Chetty or 24 Manai Telugu Chetty and Wynadan Chetty
 64. Tholkolan
 65. Thottiyar
 66. Uppara (Sagara)
 67. Ural Goundan
 68. Valaiyan
 69. Vada Balija
 70. Vakkaliga
 71. Vaduvan(Vadugan)
 72. Veera Saivas (Pandaram, Vairavi, Vairagi, Yogeewar, Matapathi and Yogi)
 73. Veluthedathu Nair including Vannathan, Veluthedan and Rajaka
 74. Vilakkithala Nair including Vilakkathalavan, Ambattan Pranopakari, Pandithar and Nusuvan
 75. Vaniya including Vanika, Vanika Vaisya, Vaisya Chetty, Vanibha Chetty, Ayiravar Nagarathar, Vaniyan
 76. Yadava including Kolaya, Ayar, Mayar, Maniyani, Eruman, Golla and Kolaries
 77. Chakkamar
 78. Mogers of Kasaragod Taluk
 79. Maratis of Hosdurg Taluk
 80. Paravans of Malabar area excluding Kasaragod Taluk
 81. Peruvannan (Varnavar)

ANNEXURE - II
LIST OF SCHEDULED CASTES (SC)

[As Amended by The Constitution (Scheduled Castes) Orders (Second Amendment) Act, 2002 [Act 61 of 2002)
Vide Part VIII – Kerala - Schedule 1 Notified in the Gazette of India dated 18.12.2002,
The Constitution (Scheduled Castes) Order (Amendment) Act 2007]
[See Clause 5.4.3 (a)]

1	Adi Andhra	37	Mannan (മണ്ണാൻ), Pathiyar, Perumannan,
2	Adi Dravida		Vannan, Velan
3	Adi Karnataka	38	xxx
4	Ajila	39	Moger (other than Mogeyar)
5	Arunthathiyar	40	Mundala
6	Ayyanavar	41	Nalakeyava
7	Baira	42	Nalkadaya
8	Bakuda	43	Nayadi
9	xxx	44	xxx
10	Bathada	45	Pallan
11	xxx	46	Palluvan
12	Bharathar (Other than Parathar), Paravan	47	Pambada
13	xxx	48	Panan
14	Chakkiliyan	49	xxx
15	Chamar, Muchi	50	Paraiyan, Parayan, Sambavar, Sambavan,
16	Chandala		Sambava, Paraya, Paraiya, Parayar
17	Cheruman	51	xxx
18	Domban	52	xxx
19	xxx	53	xxx
20	xxx	54	Pulayan, Cheramar, Pulaya, Pulayar, Cherama,
21	xxx		Cheraman, Wayanad Pulayan, Wayanadan
22	Gosangi		Pulayan, Matha, Matha Pulayan
23	Hasla	55	xxx
24	Holeya	56	Puthirai Vannan
25	Kadaiyan	57	Raneyar
26	Kakkalan, Kakkan	58	Samagara
27	Kalladi	59	Samban
28	Kanakkan, Padanna, Padannan	60	Semman, Chemman, Chemmar
29	xxx	61	Thandan (excluding Ezhuvass and Thiyyas who are
30	Kavara (other than Telugu speaking or Tamil speaking Balija Kavarai, Gavara, Gavarai, Gavarai Naidu, Balija Naidu, Gajalu Balija or Valai Chetty)		known as Thandan, in the erstwhile Cochin and Malabar areas) and (Carpenters who are known as Thachan, in the erstwhile Cochin and Travancore State)
31	Koosa	62	Thoti
32	Kootan, Koodan	63	Vallon
33	Kudumban	64	Valluvan
34	Kuravan, Sidhanar, Kuravar, Kurava, Sidhana	65	xxx
35	Maila	66	xxx
36	Malayan [In the areas comprising the Malabar District as specified by Sub-section (2) of Section 5 of the State Re-organization Act. 1956 (37 of 1956)].	67	Vetan
		68	Vettuvan, Pulaya Vettuvan (in the areas of erstwhile Cochin State only).
		69	Nerian

ANNEXURE – III

LIST OF SCHEDULED TRIBES (ST)

[As Amended by The Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes Orders (Amendment) Act, 2002 (Act 10 of 2003)
Vide Part-VII - Kerala - Second Schedule Notified in the Gazette of India dated 8.1.2003]

1	Adiyan	23	Malakkuravan
2	Arandan [Arandanan]	24	Malasar
3	Eravallan	25	[Malayan, Nattu Malayan, Konga Malayan (excluding the areas comprising the Kasaragod, Kannur, Wayanad and Kozhikode Districts)]
4	Hill Pulaya, Mala Pulayan, Kurumba Pulayan, Kuravazhi Pulayan, Pamba Pulayan	26	Malayarayar
5	Irular, Irulan	27	Mannan (മന്നൻ)
6	Kadar [Wayanad Kadar]	28	xxx
7	xxx	29	Muthuvan, Mudugar, Muduvan
8	Kanikkar, Kanikkar	30	Palleyan, Palliyan, Palliyar, Paliyan
9	Kattunayakan	31	xxx
10	[Kochuvelan]	32	xxx
11	xxx	33	Paniyan
12	xxx	34	Ulladan, [Ullatan]
13	Koraga	35	Urally
14	xxx	36	Mala Vettuvan(in Kasaragod & Kannur districts)
15	Kudiya, Melakudi	37	Ten Kurumban, Jenu Kurumban
16	Kurichchan [Kurichiyan]	38	Thachanadan, Thachanadan Moopan
17	Kurumans, Mulla Kuruman, Mulla Kuruman, Mala Kuruman	39	Cholanaickan
18	Kurumbas, [Kurumbar, Kurumban]	40	Mavilan
19	Maha Malasar	41	Karimpalan
20	Malai Arayan [Mala Arayan]	42	Vetta Kuruman
21	Malai Pandaram	43	Mala Panikkar
22	Malai Vedan [Malavedan]		

ANNEXURE - IV

LIST OF OTHER ELIGIBLE COMMUNITIES (OEC)

1	Chemman/Chemmar		the erstwhile Malabar area alone)
2	Madiga	13	Pathiyan (other than Dhobies)
3	Pulluvan	14	Allar (Alan)
4	Thachar (other than Carpenter throughout State excluding the erstwhile Malabar area)	15	Malavettuvan
5	Chakkamar	16	Malamuthan
6	Varnavar	17	KunduVadiyan
7	Kudumbi	18	Thachanadan Moopan
8	Dheevara/Dheevaran, Arayan, Valan, Nulayan, Mukkuvan, Arayavathi, Valinjar, Paniakkal,	19	Wayanad Kadar
9	Mokaya, Bovi, Mogayar and Megavirar Peruvannan	20	Kalanadi
10	Scheduled Castes converts.	21	Chingathan
11	Kusavan including Kusavar, Kulalan, Kumbaran, Velaan, Odan, Andhra Nair, Anthru Nair	22	Malayalar
12	Malayan, (Konga-Malayan, Pani Malayan (in	23	Malapanicker
		24	Urindavan
		25	Marati
		26	Pulaya Vettuvan (except in the areas of eastwhile Cochin State)

ANNEXURE V

Proforma for Inter-Caste Marriage Certificate

[See Clause 9 (b) (iv) and 9(b) (v)]

Certified that Master / Kumarian Applicant for admission to the 5 Year LLB Course, 2009, is the son/daughter of an Inter-Caste married couple, and his/her father Sri.....belongs toCommunity and his/her mother belongs toCommunity.

Place: Signature of Village/ Taluk Officer:

Date: Name of Village Officer: / Taluk Officer:

Name of Village & District: / Taluk Officer:

(Office Seal)

(In the case of candidates belonging to SC/ST, the inter-caste marriage certificate may be obtained from the Tahsildar.)

ANNEXURE VI

Proforma for the certificate to be submitted by children of Ex-Servicemen

[See Clause 11 (I)]

Certified that Master / Kumari....., an applicant for admission to the Five Year LLB Course, 2009, is the son / daughter* of Sri /Smt.....(official address) who is / was an Ex-serviceman and that no one else in the family of the applicant has earlier enjoyed Special reservation benefit applicable to Ex-servicemen for admission to 5 Year LLB Course.

Place: Signature:

Date: Name:

Military Authority/State's

Zilla Sainik Welfare Officer:

(Office Seal)

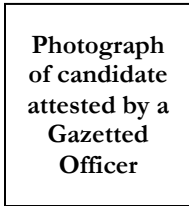
* Strike whichever is not applicable

ANNEXURE VII

PROFORMA FOR AUTHORISATION LETTER

(In Case, Candidates are directed to appear for a personal counseling at any stage of Allotment process and a Candidate is not able to attend the Allotment process on genuine grounds, The Parent/Guardian or any authorized representative can act as a proxy at the risk of the candidate on production of the Authorization letter in the form given in Annexure VII. Authorisation letter once received will be considered as valid for the entire allotment process, unless the candidate revokes it in writing.)

I, son/daughter of Shri./Smt.bearing Roll. No.....and Rank..... in the Five Year LLB Entrance Examination, 2009, do hereby authorize Shri. / Smt..... (address) to represent me to report at the Allotment Centre on(date) for admission to 5 Year LLB Course, 2009. The Signature of the person authorized is attested below by a Gazetted Officer.



Signature of Candidate.....
Name.....
Roll NoRank
Address
.....
.....

Gazetted Officer to attest the Photograph

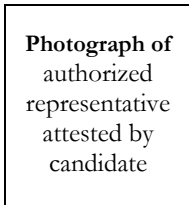
Name :

Designation :

(Office Seal)

(Signature of authorized representative)

(ATTESTED)



Signature of Candidate

(Candidate to sign over the Photograph)

UNDERTAKING

I, undertake that the decision taken, if any, by my authorized representative at the allotment venue shall be binding on me and I shall not have any claim whatsoever, other than the decision taken by my Authorized representative on my behalf.

Place :

Date :

Signature of Candidate